Page 1 1 UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT 2 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK 3 Case No. 09-50026(REG) 4 5 In the Matter of: 6 7 8 GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION, 9 10 Debtor. 11 12 13 U.S. Bankruptcy Court 14 One Bowling Green 15 New York, New York 16 17 October 15, 2012 9:47 AM 18 19 20 21 22 23 BEFORE: 24 HON ROBERT E. GERBER 25 U.S. BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

Page 2 1 Hearing re: Debtors' 214th Omnibus Objection to Claim 2 (Administrative Proofs of Claim for Equity Interests) 3 4 Hearing re: Debtors' 215th Omnibus Objection to Claim 5 (Administrative Proofs of Claim for Equity Interests) 6 7 Hearing re: Motion by Linda Mitchell for Relief from the 8 Automatic Stay 9 Hearing re: Objection to Proof of Claim 28560 filed by 10 11 Alicia E. Calhoun (Splinter Union Employee Claim) 12 13 Hearing re: 286th Omnibus Objection to Claim(s) Number: (No 14 Liability Claims) 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 Transcribed by: Dawn South

Page 3 APPEARANCES: 1 2 KING & SPALDING LLP 3 Attorneys for General Motors LLC 4 1185 Avenue of the Americas 5 New York, NY 10036-4003 6 7 BY: SCOTT DAVIDSON, ESQ. 8 9 DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO LLP 10 Attorneys for GUC Trust 11 1633 Broadway 12 New York, NY 10019-6708 13 14 BY: STEPHANIE BIRBROWER GREER, ESQ 15 16 WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP 17 Attorney for 18 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153-0119 19 20 21 BY: DAVID N. GRIFFITHS, ESQ. 22 23 24 25

Page 5 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 THE COURT: Okay. GM Motors Liquidation. 3 (Pause) 4 THE COURT: I have a New GM presence today don't 5 I? 6 MR. DAVIDSON: Yes, Your Honor, Scott Davidson 7 from King & Spalding. 8 THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Davidson. 9 And Mr. Griffiths --10 MR. GRIFFITHS: Good morning, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: And Ms. Greer? 12 MS. GREER: Good morning, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Good morning. Okay. Mr. Griffiths, you came up first, can I get your recommendations as to how 14 15 to proceed today? 16 MR. GRIFFITHS: Thank you, Your Honor. 17 Just to check there's no one attending an CourtCall? 18 COURTCALL OPERATOR: We do have -- Your Honor, we 19 20 have three participants on CourtCall. Or actually I'm 21 sorry, we have four at this time. 22 THE COURT: Okay. My CourtCall log shows Linda N. 23 Mitchell as being scheduled to be on the phone. 24 Ms. Mitchell, are you on? MS. MITCHELL: Yes, Your Honor, I am. 25

Page 6 1 THE COURT: Okay. And two others appear to be --2 well, they say their firm is Weil, Gotshal but they say 3 they're creditors. Austin Viall? MS. VIALL: Yes. It's Austin and Rebecca --4 5 THE COURT: Okay. 6 MS. VIALL: -- Viall. 7 THE COURT: How do you pronounce that, ma'am? MS. VIALL: Viall. 8 9 THE COURT: Viall, okay, thank you. 10 MS. VIALL: Yes. 11 THE COURT: All right. Anybody else appearing 12 today in GM who thinks he or she might want to be heard? 13 Okay, I guess not. 14 All right. Thank you. Go ahead, please, 15 Mr. Griffiths. 16 MR. GRIFFITHS: Thank you, Your Honor. David 17 Griffiths of Weil, Gotshal & Manges for Motors Liquidation 18 Company GUC Trust. 19 Your Honor, items and 1 and 2 on the agenda this 20 morning are the 214th and 215th omnibus objection to claims. They relate to the reclassification of equity interest from 21 22 the filled statuses administrative proofs of claims. 23 Your Honor, we don't believe that these matters are contention. I know that Mr. and Mrs. Viall --24 V-I-A-L-L -- appear in the 215th omnibus objections to 25

claims.

Mr. and Mrs. Viall appear to have purchased a large amount of stock in General Motors Corporation both prior to and after the filing of the Chapter 11. They're seeking to recovery on those equity interests both against Motors Liquidation Company and against E*TRADE who is their broker in buying the securities.

Obviously Motors Liquidation Company is not seeking to expunge the equity interest, but merely to reclassify them from their status as administrative proof of claim to just a regular equity interest, which as Your Honor well knows, receives no recovery in these Chapter 11 cases.

Your Honor, without further adieu I propose to hear from the claimants themselves. The GUC Trust is happy to rest on their existing submissions.

THE COURT: Okay. So will I be hearing from Mr. Viall or Ms. Viall?

MS. VIALL: Yes, Ms. Viall.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead, please, Ms. Viall.

MS. VIALL: Okay. We had purchased the stock as a security for our retirement and were hoping to be able to, you know, have a retirement set us.

We were assured or were told by E*TRADE that the stocks would be exchanged for General Motors stock when General Motors went back online. And consequently, now we

Pg 8 of 36 Page 8 1 are told that it's -- it will not be and we're asking that 2 it be. THE COURT: Ms. Viall, I understand the hardship 3 4 on you. Do you want to make any legal points as to whether 5 your claim for stock should be treated as a creditor claim 6 instead? 7 MS. VIALL: I don't exactly understand what you're 8 asking. I'm sorry. 9 THE COURT: Okay. I wanted to give you chance to 10 be heard on any legal arguments because the general rule is, 11 as Mr. Griffiths stated in his papers, that despite the 12 hardship stockholders of a company under bankruptcy law 13 aren't allowed to get distributions, that is property out of 14 the estate, until the creditors have been paid in full. 15 And the sad reality I'm confronting is -- and I 16 don't have the exact figures -- but I think the creditors 17 are in the 15 to 25 percent range in terms of getting paid 18 back, and unfortunately stockholders have to wait until the creditors have been paid in full before stockholders can get 19 20 anything. 21 MS. VIALL: Okay. So you're telling me that we 22 have no alternative. 23 THE COURT: Sadly, yes. 24 MS. VIALL: Yeah, we've --

I'll give you a full ruling in a

THE COURT:

Page 9 1 minute, Ms. Viall --2 MS. VIALL: Okay. 3 THE COURT: -- but I do want to give you a full and fair chance to be heard with any legal points if you 4 5 have anything further you'd like to tell me. 6 MS. VIALL: Okay, let me just check one second, 7 please. 8 THE COURT: Of course. 9 (Pause) 10 MR. VIALL: Judge? 11 THE COURT: Yes, sir. Is this Mr. Viall? 12 MR. VIALL: What I can't understand, 13 (indiscernible -00:22:52) take our money, is that we 14 purchased the stock through General Motors, they changed --15 they changed our stock to Motors Liquidation, and then they 16 bought -- when they sold us the stock they -- Motors 17 Liquidation had already gone into bankruptcy and we didn't 18 know it, and we didn't know they were in bankruptcy until a 19 year and a half or so later. 20 And I -- to me that's just about as much (indiscernible - 00:23:30) as can be done. But I don't know 21 22 the law, I have no idea about the law, but I know right from 23 wrong. 24 THE COURT: I understand, sir. 25 MR. VIALL: Sir? Sir?

Page 10 1 THE COURT: Yes, sir? 2 MR. VIALL: I heard you say something. I'm kind 3 of hard of hearing. 4 THE COURT: Okay. I'll speak real loud when I 5 issue my ruling. 6 MR. VIALL: Thank you. THE COURT: Certainly. 7 Mr. Griffiths, do you want to reply orally? 8 9 MR. GRIFFITHS: Your Honor, only to say that these 10 proceedings don't affect the claimant's rights as against 11 E*TRADE, and of course we can put that in the order if Your 12 Honor so chooses. 13 THE COURT: You were reading by mind, 14 Mr. Griffiths. 15 I am going to rule now, and for the record, just 16 in case there's a desire to appeal, I would like to 17 incorporate my earlier explanations of my rulings with 18 respect to Old GM stockholders in any record on appeal, but I am forced to disallow -- excuse me -- to reclassify these 19 20 claims from creditor claims to equity claims. And while 21 these are technically conclusions of law, I want to explain 22 it in more everyday talk than I might otherwise. 23 A large company like GM has both creditors who it 24 owes money to and has stockholders who are in a sense 25 partial owners of a company, and under bankruptcy law the

creditors of a company have to be paid first before those who are owners of the company can get paid or can get paid distributions. Because in essence as a matter of law all that they own is really after the creditors have been taken care of.

So under the Bankruptcy Code we have priorities which establish different priorities among different kinds of creditors, and then if all of those creditors have been taken care of, stockholders, who are called equity holders, can recover.

Here, as I indicated in argument on the motion,
Old GM's creditors haven't been paid in full. I don't know
the exact amount that they would be getting under the plan,
but I do know absolutely positively it's less than 100
percent. And until the creditors are paid I can't treat
stockholders like creditors.

Technically speaking the claims filed by the Viall family aren't being disallowed, they're not being thrown out, but they're being reclassified to what we call equity, which is stockholder claims mainly.

But I do have to tell you that based on the facts as I know now -- as I now know them there's practically zero chance that there's going to be enough value in this estate to pay stockholders.

I well recognize the hardship on this to the Viall

Page 12 1 family and to all of the other literally thousands of GM 2 stockholders, but unfortunately, I've got to comply with the 3 law. 4 Now, I do want to say for the avoidance of doubt 5 that my reclassifying this claim as equity has nothing to do 6 whatever with any claims the Viall family might have against 7 any stockbroker who caused them to buy their GM stock. And I want to take you up on your offer, 8 9 Mr. Griffiths, to say in plain English, that nothing in this 10 order affects any rights the Viall family might have against anybody other than Old GM. Am I correct that no claim was 11 12 asserted against New GM? 13 MR. GRIFFITHS: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. I want you to be very clear in 14 15 the order that you present to me what I'm holding on the one 16 hand and what I'm not addressing on the other. And in 17 essence what I'm saying is what you said to me, perhaps in 18 slightly different words. Okay, Mr. and Mrs. Viall? 19 20 MR. VIALL: Yes, sir. 21 THE COURT: I can't take reargument because I was 22 forced to rule, but do you understand my ruling? 23 MR. VIALL: Well, yes, sir, I don't like it, but I 24 do understand it. And I appreciate -- I appreciate your 25 information and I appreciate what you've done for us.

Page 13 But now my wife talked to the Attorney General of 1 2 the State, and he told her that as soon as this got out of Federal Court that he could get our money. But it had to 3 get out of Federal Court first before he could do anything. 4 5 THE COURT: Well, I didn't hear every word that 6 you said, Mr. Viall, because of the quality of the phone, 7 but I think I got most of it. 8 What state are you calling, from, sir? 9 MR. VIALL: Alabama. 10 THE COURT: Uh-huh. Okay. I am not ruling in any way on what the Alabama Attorney General can do or can't do, 11 12 although I am saying that neither your family nor the 13 Alabama Attorney General can get anything out of the general 14 -- Old General Motors' estate -- what we call Old GM, except 15 the same way that any other stockholder will ultimately be 16 able to get anything out of the estate. 17 MR. VIALL: Yes, sir. 18 THE COURT: Okay. MR. VIALL: Well, I want to thank you, sir, very 19 20 much. I appreciate it. 21 THE COURT: I wish you well, sir, and your wife as 22 well. 23 MS. VIALL: Thank you, sir, I appreciate that. 24 God bless.

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THE COURT: God bless you. You may stay on or

Page 14 1 stay off as you prefer. 2 MR. VIALL: Thank you, sir. MS. VIALL: Thank you. 3 4 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Griffiths, your next 5 matter, please. MR. GRIFFITHS: Thank you, Your Honor. 6 Just to confirm that you're ruling applies to 7 Mr. Timothy G. Mayer, M-A-Y-E-R, in the 214th omnibus 8 9 objection? 10 THE COURT: These are people with the same facts but who didn't orally argue? 11 12 MR. GRIFFITHS: Correct, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Yes, sir. MR. GRIFFITHS: Thank you, Your Honor. 14 15 Lastly before moving to the last contested matter 16 on the agenda this morning I have one uncontested matter 17 that we are handling, which is item number 1 in Section 2, 18 it is an objection to proof of claim 28560 filed by Ms. Calhoun, C-A-L-H-O-U-N. 19 20 Ms. Calhoun was a former employee of the debtors 21 who was represented by the IUE CWA union, her claim, which 22 was for a wrongful termination and payment of wages, is 23 covered under a settlement agreement that was entered into between Old GM and various what we call splinter unions on 24 25 September 3rd, 2009, and therefore her claim, we

1 respectfully request permission to enter an order 2 disallowing and expunging her claim. 3 THE COURT: I heard part of what you said, but I didn't hear it all. 4 5 She had a settlement agreement that was entered 6 into in September 2009? 7 MR. GRIFFITHS: Your Honor, the various --8 settlement agreements were entered into by various unions 9 representing former employees of the debtors. As Your Honor 10 well knows, the UAW had the -- a master settlement agreement 11 with the debtors. Various smaller unions --12 THE COURT: Those that were sometimes called 13 splinter unions? 14 MR. GRIFFITHS: Correct, Your Honor. Represented 15 their constituents to enter into a settlement agreement 16 whereby New GM would provide retiree medical benefits to any 17 eligible participants who weren't receiving Medicaid and 18 Medicare, and then -- and as a result any proofs of claims filed by those claimants could then be disallowed and 19 20 expunged by the Court. 21 THE COURT: Okay. So these claimants will get 22 whatever their union got for them as part of the deal that 23 was -- for the splinter -- that particular splinter union, 24 but you're saying that their additional claim has to be

disallowed for that reason and for reasons you argued in

Page 16 1 earlier cases on the right to modify benefits. 2 MR. GRIFFITHS: Correct, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Yes. Is that claimant Calhoun on the 4 phone? 5 MR. GRIFFITHS: I don't believe so, Your Honor. 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 MR. GRIFFITHS: It was uncontested. THE COURT: Your motion to disallow is sustained. 8 9 Put in the order for reasons explained at length in the 10 earlier proceedings in this case. 11 MR. GRIFFITHS: Yes, Your Honor. 12 And that closes the matters for Weil, Gotshal & Manges. My co-counsel, Stephanie Greer of Dickstein Shapiro 13 14 can handle item number 3 on the agenda. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Greer? 16 MR. GRIFFITHS: Thank you, Your Honor. 17 MS. GREER: Good morning, Your Honor, Stephanie 18 Greer from Dickstein Shapiro on behalf of the GUC Trust. Your Honor, most of our contested matters -- or 19 20 actually all of our contested matters got adjourned for 21 today. 22 THE COURT: I'm going to have to fine tune the 23 sounds. The good news is the drilling stopped, but would 24 you still speak a little louder, please. 25 MS. GREER: Sure, Your Honor, sorry about that.

1 Most of our contested matters -- all of our 2 contested matters have actually been adjourned for today. 3 We're in the process of trying to resolve a fair amount of 4 the claims and also was responding to a request from new 5 counsel to adjourn one of the contested matters on for 6 today. 7 So all I've got, Your Honor, is the 286th omnibus objection which is uncontested, it's a no liability 8 9 objection. We had five claims on that objection. Three of those are going forward, one has been adjourned, and we've 10 11 withdrawn as to one of those. 12 If Your Honor doesn't have any questions we can 13 submit an order to the clerk later on. 14 THE COURT: No, I have no questions, Ms. Greer, 15 that's fine. So just make it happen. 16 MS. GREER: Thank you, Your Honor. 17 Next I want to turn it over to Mr. Davidson of 18 King & Spalding on behalf of New GM for -- to handle the 19 Linda Mitchell motion for relief from stay. 20 But before I do, Your Honor, I just wanted to 21 point out that Ms. Mitchell has not filed any proof of claim 22 against the debtors, so the debtors don't have any position 23 -- or the GUC Trust does not have any position on the 24 matter. We'll be here and listen to Ms. Mitchell argue, but 25 I wanted to note for the record that she has not filed a

Page 18 1 proof of claim against the debtors, and so the GUC Trust 2 takes no position. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Davidson? 4 MS. GREER: Thank you, Your Honor. 5 MR. DAVIDSON: Good morning, Your Honor, Scott 6 Davidson from King & Spalding for General Motors LLC. 7 This is Ms. Mitchell's motion, I didn't know if you wanted to hear from her first. 8 9 THE COURT: Yes, I think I should. 10 Ms. Mitchell, you have a motion for relief from the stay, and I'm a little confused because a motion for 11 12 relief from the stay means that you want to sue Old GM and yet you don't have a claim against Old GM. So when you make 13 14 your remarks please help clarify that for me, please. 15 Ms. Mitchell, I'll hear your argument now? 16 Ms. Mitchell? 17 MS. MITCHELL: (Indiscernible - 00:36:23) so 18 they're getting to make sure that they are in the microphone and speak very clearly and loudly because of my hearing 19 20 impairment. 21 THE COURT: I'm sorry, Ms. Mitchell, but the 22 lawyer for New GM hasn't spoken yet. The lawyer for Old GM 23 pointed that you filed a claim against Old GM. And when I 24 spoke I said that I needed help in understanding your motion 25 for relief from the stay because you hadn't filed a claim

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Page 19

against Old GM.

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So when you make your argument include responding to that -- that fact, please.

MS. MITCHELL: Okay, I'll do that.

My response to the reason that I did not file a claim against Old GM is that when I attempted to I was told through MLC, who was handling everything, that because mine was a warranty issue that it did not belong to Old GM and that I needed to take it up with New GM. And that is what I've been trying to do is take it up with them. And so that's why I have not addressed it with Old GM.

And even when I talked to them in the last several months they, you know, don't have a position of course with me because they say that the liability got turned over to New GM.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, New GM talks about what's in the sale order and what New GM agreed to take on and what it did not agree to take on. Do you want to give me any argument on how you think I should construe that sale order?

MS. MITCHELL: Yes, sir, I most certainly do.

The first thing that I would like to do is I would like to address my motion concerning the co-debtors. Since there has been really no objection to my motion to have them released and separated out of the bankruptcy, and given the fact that Auto Nation did not declare bankruptcy, I would

Page 20 1 like to ask the Court if they would grant motion in any 2 favor to separate out the co-defendants from this bankruptcy 3 so that I can proceed forward with my case with them in Fort Worth court. 4 5 THE COURT: Now, by co-defendants you meant 6 defendants other than either Old GM or New GM? 7 MS. MITCHELL: That is correct. THE COURT: Uh-huh. Okay. And did you name 8 9 automation as -- or was that Auto Nation? 10 MS. MITCHELL: Auto Nation. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Were there any others? 12 MS. MITCHELL: Well, it was defendant's Auto Nation of Fort Worth Motors Ltd. doing business as Bankston 13 14 Chevrolet Fort Worth. 15 THE COURT: Uh-huh. Okay. Any others? 16 MS. MITCHELL: No -- no, it's just them and then 17 at the time Old GM. THE COURT: Right, I'm with you. Okay. Do you 18 want to say anything about the words of the sale order and 19 20 compare that to your warranty claim? MS. MITCHELL: Yes, sir, I do. 21 22 New General Motors, you know, has taken the 23 position that they didn't assume the liabilities of my case; 24 however, when you read the sale order, you know, it makes 25 statements such as -- as in paragraph 56, "Notwithstanding

the foregoing the purchaser has assumed the seller's obligations under state lemon law statutes which require manufacturer to provide a customer" -- I mean I'm sorry -- "a consumer remedy when the manufacturer is unable to conform the vehicle to warranty as defined in the applicable statute. After a reasonable number of chance further defined in the statute and other regulated" -- I'm sorry -- "and other related regulatory obligations under such statute."

THE COURT: Yeah, but where I'm confused is that GM repurchased your car under the lemon law, they bought your car back. So what damages do you have left?

MS. MITCHELL: It is true, we did go through the lemon law issue with them, but the problem was is that I

MS. MITCHELL: It is true, we did go through the lemon law issue with them, but the problem was is that I didn't get restored whole, because the truck was actually in the service center for 190 days in 2006, and every time I went and picked it up it -- I only got to drive it maybe a day or two before it had to be towed back in again.

And at the lemon law hearing when you read the ALJ's decision he talks about in there that I had presented receipts for actual losses and damages of over \$100,000, not to mention that when -- as he gave the order it did not pay off the truck.

In Texas when you can prove that under the warranty that the manufacturer and the dealer dealt with you

in a misleading way, in a deceptive way, then you can bring the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act. And everything that I presented at the lemon law hearing I presented as the Deceptive Trade Practices Act. And in that hearing, through direct testimony from General Motors representatives and the dealer representatives and hard copy evidence of all my work orders, it was proven that both defendants intentionally caused me harm.

The dealer caused me harm by withholding information from me about three work orders that had actually been done on the truck prior to me even buying it.

The manufacturer exasperated the problems that I was having with the truck and went against their own warranty program and their own standards by which they address their warranty program and that when six months after -- seven months after I had the truck I had a major breakdown in a town called Rock Springs, Wyoming, which I sent you receipts of all of my work orders.

Rock Springs, Wyoming I found out after they towed my truck to a dealership there called Great Western

Autoplex, was not an authorized service center for my truck.

They did not have the tools to work on my truck, they did not have a lift to be able to lift my truck up and get up underneath it, they didn't have a mechanic there that was trained in the knowledge of my truck.

and when I found this out the very next day I called the service center back and I said, you can't leave my truck in an unauthorized service center that doesn't know anything about my truck. This is a commercial truck. This truck is costing me over \$1,000 a month just in notes, not to mention the insurance and everything. I need it back on the road, so I need someone working on it that knows what they're doing. And my warranty says that it has to go to an authorized service center.

On page of my warranty book it states there -- oh, hold on, I've got it right here -- that -- it talks to the customer after you purchase a vehicle, and when I purchased my vehicle I purchased it brand new, and I purchased it with a glove box warranty, and in this glove box warranty it said to me, "Your selling dealership has made a large investment to insure that you have the proper tools that they" -- I'm sorry -- "that they have the proper tools, training, and parts inventory to make any necessary warranty repairs should they be required during the warranty period. We ask that you return your selling -- to your selling dealer for warranty repairs.

In the event of an emergency repair you may take your vehicle to an authorized GM dealer for warranty repairs; however, certain warranty repairs require certain tools or training that only a dealer selling your brand may

have. Therefore, not all dealers are able to perform every repair.

If a particular dealership cannot assist you then contact the customer service assistant center."

This I did every day. For 27 days I called the service center. Because Great Western Autoplex tore my truck completely apart from the top down because they couldn't lift it up, and they were getting service manuals sent to them, and they didn't really know what they were doing, and then they called me on the 27th of June and they said, okay, it's ready. And when -- I had to fly to Salt Lake City, Utah -- see that's where the closest authorized center was, and General Motors didn't want to tow my truck to Salt Lake City because of the cost. And so because they were trying to save a few dollars they ended up having my truck at a place that wasn't even authorized to work on my truck, didn't know what they were doing. And from that point on that truck never ran again right. I had nothing but trouble after trouble after trouble.

And as a matter of fact, when I picked it up in Wyoming it was not ready, the hood latches weren't on, there were bolts missing, the filtering system wasn't put back on, the truck wasn't secured in a secured lot location, it was across the street from the dealership on the lot that was just open and not locked up, but my truck wasn't locked up.

THE COURT: Ms. Mitchell, forgive me, I didn't want to interrupt you for the last five minutes or so, but the question that I asked back then is do you have anything else to tell me about the language of the sale order that determines what obligations New GM took on and what it didn't? Do you have any further to tell me on the sale orders words?

I understand how frustrating this is for you, but I also understand the truck was bought back. Do you have anything to tell me about the words of the sale order?

MS. MITCHELL: Well, the -- the sale order says that they assume the liabilities of the warranties, and I had a warranty. My warranty didn't expire until April of 2011. I still owe a note on that truck, even today I still pay a note on that truck.

And -- and in order for me to even file the DTPA case I had to have a warranty recognized by the State of Texas, and they recognize that State of Texas here in the State Court, so I don't know why the Bankruptcy Court can't recognize it as an active warranty when everything arose from that warranty. All my troubles arose from that warranty. And because I used everything in my lemon law case to further my case because the ALJ said that I couldn't recover everything under his forum that I needed to take it to the DTPA, that was my next step. So as soon as he made

Page 26 1 his decision I did exactly what he said that I needed to do. 2 Now, GM -- hold on, please -- GM states that in 3 question -- or statement -- hold one moment, please. 4 (Pause) 5 MS. MITCHELL: GM is also stating that 56 --6 paragraph 56 prevents them from paying for -- or assuming 7 this obligation. However, when you look at paragraph 56 it says -- I'm sorry, I lost it. 8 THE COURT: Well, 56 says: 9 10 "GM shall not be liable for incidental or consequential damages such as, but not limited to, lost 11 12 wages or vehicle rental expenses resulting from breach of 13 this written warranty or any implied warranty even if the 14 glove box warranty applies." 15 Doesn't it? And that includes loss of vehicle 16 use, inconvenience, storage. Isn't that exactly the kinds 17 of things you're talking about? MS. MITCHELL: Well, I am talking about those 18 things, and while the sale order eludes to that fact, their 19 20 (indiscernible - 00:51:55) security doesn't elude to that 21 fact. 22 THE COURT: All right, thank you. 23 All right, Mr. Davidson, do you want to respond? 24 MR. DAVIDSON: Yes, Your Honor. 25 As Your Honor pointed out this vehicle was

repurchased over two years before the bankruptcy filing and before the 363 sale from Old GM to New GM. All of the lemon law obligations were complied with back at that time. The ALJ decision mandated that Old GM repurchase the vehicle for about \$47,500; that was done. That ended the lemon law claim.

Subsequent to that there was a State Court action under the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Consumer Protection Act, which is not a lemon law action. That action sought damages that were not assumed by New GM. The New GM -- New GM did assume glove box warranties, but only those liabilities that are under the glove box warranty.

In a normal situation it would be if a car broke down that was sold prepetition but the warranty was still in effect post petition New GM would be obligated to fix that vehicle. However, this vehicle was repurchased two years before the bankruptcy. There was no longer a glove box warranty that Ms. Mitchell could assert a claim against New GM -- against New GM. New GM would have had to have had the opportunity to try to fix the car or do a replacement for parts in the car. It never had that opportunity.

All of this happened way before the bankruptcy filing, way before the 363 sale, and New GM can't be liable for these types of obligations. I mean that's -- unfortunately that's -- that's the way it was.

Page 28 1 I understand Ms. Mitchell's frustration as well, 2 I've spoken to her on numerous times over the last several months and we've tried to resolve this matter, but this is 3 4 just not a New GM liability. 5 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 6 All right, everybody sit in place for a minute. 7 MS. MITCHELL: Your Honor? 8 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am. 9 MS. MITCHELL: May I please say something else? 10 Because my warranty that I purchased, while --11 THE COURT: You may say something else limited --12 please don't talk over me. You may say something else 13 limited to what Mr. Davidson said, but you can't raise new points now and you can't repeat what you said before now. 14 15 Under those rules I will let you speak one more time. 16 MS. MITCHELL: Okay. Then I need to be able to go 17 back and look at what my cart person wrote, okay? THE COURT: You need to do what? 18 MS. MITCHELL: I'm hearing impaired, Your Honor, 19 20 and so I have a cart person here who is a court reporter 21 similar to your court reporter and she is writing down 22 everything so that I can read what is being said because 23 it's difficult to hear for me over the phone, and --24 THE COURT: Okay. 25 MS. MITCHELL: -- you know, you're wanting me to

-- you're wanting me to, you know, hurry up and respond to, you know, Mr. Davidson, and this issue about, you know, 56 and I have other issues of law that, you know, what about my 11 U.S.C. 5236 that exempts discharge of a debt that where malicious and willful conduct took place? I mean that was proven in my State Court case.

So is that supposed to just be just disallowed and just thrown out because, you know, so then, you know,

General Motors, you know, they get it both ways? They get,

you know, a new company and then they get to ignore any laws

that they're company broke.

And I mean these were unlawful acts that they did.

This wasn't just something, you know, that they couldn't,

you know, fix my truck. I mean they deliberately took my

truck to -- sent my truck to a place that they knew couldn't

fix it, even though I begged them to get it out of there

daily. And it just exacerbated everything.

I lost my business, I lost everything -- ended up losing everything that I'd worked eight long years building my business putting it together because of -- simply because I had the misunfortune of buying a General Motors product to help me run my business.

And when they take on lemon laws and lemon law statutes in the State of Texas if you don't fully recover and get made whole under the lemon law you're allowed to go

under the DTPA, it's a tie in statute to the lemon law. And everything that I asked for under my DTPA case had to do with warranty. Did their warranty fail? Did their warranty -- did they mislead me? Every -- if you read my order, which I sent to you, which was Exhibit B and then the Court's charges, you'll find that they were found guilty of everything because we were able -- we were able to prove it through testimony and documentation.

And what I'm hearing from you is simply because this sale order says that oh, well, we didn't take on liabilities like that, you know, like defendant stated in question -- statement 30 that New GM agreed to assume obligations under glove box warranties that continued in existence after the closing of the 363 sale, because it was these obligations that were important to New GM, not the warranty liability asserted by me prior to the 363 sale.

So does that mean that everybody that had a

General Motors product that had problems that we all got

written off because we were prior? Because that's not what

the sale order says. The sale order says that they are

responsible for prior to closing, during the bankruptcy, and

after the warranty issues.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. MITCHELL: That's what --

THE COURT: Thank you.

Page 31 1 MS. MITCHELL: -- that's what it says. 2 THE COURT: All right. Forgive me, you're --3 you're repeating yourself for the second or third time, 4 ma'am, and I think I understand the issues. Remember that 5 oral argument supplements what people have already said in 6 the briefs. 7 I have one last question for you, Mr. Davidson, before I rule. Do you care if I rule that she can go 8 9 against people other than New GM and Old GM? 10 MR. DAVIDSON: No, Your Honor, I just represent 11 New GM. THE COURT: I'm sorry. 12 13 MR. DAVIDSON: I just represent New GM so --14 THE COURT: Okay. 15 MR. DAVIDSON: -- to the extent there's a --16 THE COURT: All right. 17 MR. DAVIDSON: -- there's another (indiscernible -18 00:59:18). THE COURT: Then everybody sit in place for a 19 20 minute, you're going to hear a moment of silence. 21 (Recess at 10:30 a.m.) 22 THE COURT: Granting the motion to the extent that 23 it asks for relief from the stay to the extent it's 24 necessary to proceed against entities other than Old GM and 25 New GM, and to the extent necessary, I'm granting permission

to sever any of those other entities. But the motion is already -- it's otherwise denied.

And I'm further ruling for the avoidance of doubt that New GM is protected under the sale order from claims other than with respect to the lemon law claim.

And further ruling that the lemon law claim was fully satisfied two years before the sale under which New GM acquired GM assets.

As facts I find an undisputed fact that the vehicle was repurchased under the Texas lemon law back in 2007, two years before New GM bought Old GM assets. The purpose of a lemon law statute is if problems with the vehicle are serious enough to make the manufacturer buy back the car, and that's exact whether I what Old GM did. I said car, I guess here I should have said truck, but the point remains the same. There were no lemon law claims left for New GM to perform under.

I well understand that a separate claim was raised under the Texas Consuming Procedures Protection Act, but that is not one of the types of claims that New GM contracted to assume. Rather under paragraph 56 of the sale order New GM assumed only the obligation to honor the standard limited warranty of repair, what we refer to as the glove box warranty, which was meaningless after the vehicle had already been sold back by the consumer. There was no

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1 duty then to honor.

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The terms of the warranty were very limited, and these claims for events that took place long before New GM even existed and before the consumer, which here is Ms. Mitchell, sold back the car to Old GM did not exist to be undertaken when New GM bought the company and are not of the type that New GM undertook to continue to honor after the sale.

Now, Mr. Davidson, you are to settle an order in accordance with this ruling. I do want you to stick in some language similar to that which Mr. Griffiths talked about in connection with an earlier claimant and say that nothing in this order affects the rights, if any, or affects any rights that Ms. Mitchell might have against any entity other than New GM or Old GM.

Do we have any further business today,

17 Mr. Davidson?

MR. DAVIDSON: Not from me, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Griffiths, Ms. Greer?

MR. GRIFFITHS: No, Your Honor.

21 THE COURT: All right, we're adjourned. Everybody

22 have a good day.

23 MR. DAVIDSON: Thank you, Your Honor.

24 MS. GREER: Thank you, Your Honor.

25 (Whereupon, these proceedings were concluded at 10:35

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Pg 35 of 36 Page 35 INDEX RULINGS DESCRIPTION PAGE LINE Debtors' 214th Omnibus Objection to Claim (Administrative Proofs of Claim for Equity Interests) Debtors' 215th Omnibus Objection to Claim (Administrative Proofs of Claim for Equity Interests) Objection to Proof of Claim 28560 filed by Alicia E. Calhoun (Splinter Union Employee Claim) 286th Omnibus Objection to Claim(s) Number: (No Liability Claims) Motion by Linda Mitchell for Relief from the Automatic Stay

Page 36 1 CERTIFICATION 2 3 I, Dawn South, certified that the foregoing transcript is a 4 true and accurate record of the proceedings. 5 Dawn Digitally signed by Dawn South DN: cn=Dawn South, o, ou, 6 email=digital1@veritext.com, South c=US Date: 2012.10.16 15:55:55 -04'00' 7 AAERT Certified Electronic Transcriber CET**D-408 8 9 10 Veritext 11 200 Old Country Road 12 Suite 580 13 Mineola, NY 11501 14 Date: October 16, 2012 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25